

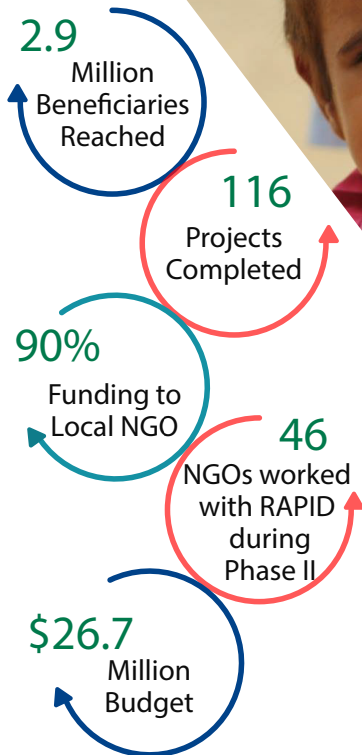


USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

CONCERN
worldwide

RAPID Phase II

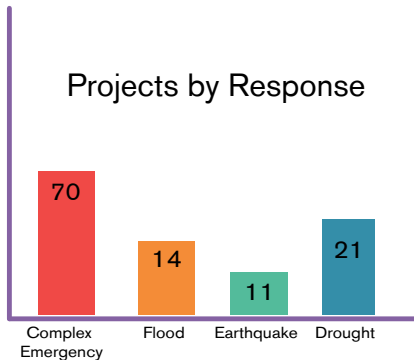
September 2013 – March 2019



RAPID Fund, with the support of USAID's Office of U.S. Foreign Disaster Assistance (USAID-OFDA), responds to the needs of populations affected by natural and human induced disasters across Pakistan in close coordination with Disaster Management Authorities (DMAs) and humanitarian stakeholders.

RAPID Phase II - At a Glance

Projects by Response



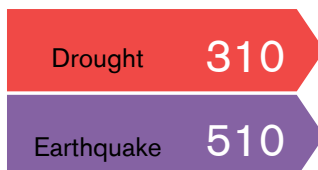
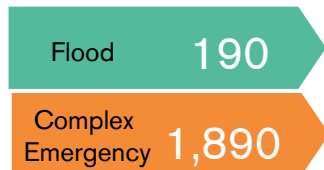
Flood affected family supported with cash grant assistance to restore small business in Jhang district, Punjab.



Livestock fodder assistance provided to drought affected people in Tharparkar district, Sindh.



Beneficiaries Reached by Response (in Thousands)



RAPID Phase II - Key Outputs

Agriculture & Food Security

141 Tons of seed.
25,763 Tons of livestock fodder & feed.
330,167 Animals benefitted from fodder & feed assistance.
1,533 Livestock management sessions.
346,916 Animals vaccinated with the support of livestock department.



Health

321,664 People benefitted from primary health care assistance.
25 Health facilities supported/rehabilitated.

Economic Recovery & Market Systems (ERMS)

283,573 People assisted through economic asset restoration activities.
18,995 Individuals employed through cash for work activities.



Shelter and Settlement

4,315 Transitional shelters.
1,157 Semi-permanent shelters.
11,270 Tents during relief phase.
2,363 Shelter tool kits.

Logistic Support & Relief Commodities (LSRC)

42,861 Non Food Items (NFIs) kits.
7,375 Plastic sheets.
4,032 Jerrycans.



Water, Sanitation & Hygiene (WASH)

3,018 Latrines.
2,734 Water tanks.
9,851 Health and Hygiene sessions.
1,126 Water supply systems (hand pumps, water infrastructure, pressure pumps, wells & ponds).

Humanitarian Coordination and Information Management (HCIM)

16 Disaster Management Authorities (DMAs) are supported in humanitarian coordination & information management.



Protection

Key cross cutting themes such as protection, age, gender, disability, accountability etc. mainstreamed across all sectoral interventions.



Shelter assistance for the flood affected families in Sohatpur district, Balochistan. The shelters were provided in 2014 and are still in use due to periodic mud coating by beneficiaries.

RAPID Phase II - Key Findings of External Evaluation

98%

Assessment participants agreed that communities were engaged in the project delivery.

94%

Assessment participants agreed that the assistance they received was amongst their top need at the time.

92%

Assessment participants were satisfied with the assistance provided by RAPID.

86%

Beneficiaries shared that they had received the RAPID interventions when they needed it.



WASH assistance for the Temporarily Dislocated Persons (TDPs) returned to North Waziristan Tribal district, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa.

As per the external evaluation, RAPID:

- Remained successful in achieving the agreed results;
- Provided multi-sectoral need-driven assistance;
- Sustained its uniqueness of being readily available for humanitarian response;
- Flexible to changing needs and reaching the most vulnerable communities;
- Easily accessible to local NGOs for swift response;
- Has built significant repute within the humanitarian forum and among communities.

“With its successful implementation, RAPID has become a brand in itself for responding to critical humanitarian needs.”